

INFORMATION REPORT INFORMATION REPORT

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

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	organization, training a	and activities olice.	report of the "Green"	concerning pre-revolt and "Blue" AVH and	
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NFORMATION REPORT INFORMATION REPORT



The Organization of the so-called "green" A.V.H., and the Police in Hungary.

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I. The Organization of the so-called "green" A.V.H..

Sopron, where in the 1948 barracks (malled after the building-year) between 1400 and 1500 recruits for the green A.V.H. were encamped. Besides these recruits there were between 300 and 400 trained soldiers doing frontier service. The barracks had the most up-to-date appointments, and only housed units of the green A.V.H..

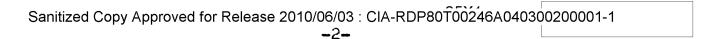
In addition to this barracks

there are yet a large training centre of the green A.V.H. at Satoraljaujhely, 25X1 and smaller ones at Balasagy-Armat and Szerencs.

infantry training, thereafter In Sopron a special training for frontier-guard. The latter training included lessons in patrolling at the frontier, special attention being paid to concealing the patrols from the other side of the frontier. They also received lessons in footprint tracing, and the deductions to be made from footprints. The pupils were taught the methods used by Western agents for misleading the frontier-guards. The recruits had to take notes in the lessons in notebooks, which were collected and burnt after the training. The recruits had no lessons in the theory of foreign passports; there were according to subject special passport controllers serving in the trains, and at the frontierstations. They were, however, taught the documents the Hungarian population had to carry. There were, so subject, four frontierzones, viz.:

- 1. A 15 kilometre-zone; any one staying in this zone had to be provided with a pass issued by the police permitting him to stay in that zone. Any non-resident of the zone, who wanted to visit relatives, had to apply for such a pass. Begore the pass was issued inquiries were made in the zone as to whether the applicant actually had relatives residing there.
- 2. a 5 kilometre-zone; a separate pass was required for this zone, issued by the authorities of the border towns.
- 3. a 500m.-zone; the pass valid for entering this zone was issued by the local commander of the green A.V.H..
- A.V.H. this zone was only accessable to people escorted by the green Any one found in this zone without the required escort, and

-trying-



trying to fly towards the frontier after being called, was simply to be shot; if he fled into the interior, the patrol was not required to shoot, but could act as circumstan $25\bar{X}1$ required.

Such were the rules for using arms in the daytime. In the night the patrol had to shoot any one found in the 500m.-zone who after the first call did not stop.

Zsira was the headquarters of the green AVH Staff stationed along the Austrian frontier. To this staff was attached a Russian officer who also wore the uniform of the Hungarian green A.V.H..

Officers of the green A.V.H. at Zsira:

The undermentioned officers belonged to the frontier guard unit at Zsira

Lajos LAKATOS
lieutenant, and military commander; in the autumn of 1955 he
was substituted by lieutenant Istvan TOMAN. Laszlo KUZEMKO
lieutenant, andpolitical officer; in 1955 he was succeeded by

Istvan BOZO. Sandor KISS - ensign. responsible for the further

training of the personnel

The Organization of the green A.V.H.

An autonomous detachment of the green A.V.H. comprises between 60 and 100 men, under the command of an officer (lieutenant or captain) who is assisted by a political commander, while an officer is attached to the detachment, responsible for instructions. A detachment is subdivided into smaller groups of 10 or 12 men under the command of an N.C.O..

A detachment guards a stretch of frontier of 7 kilometres.

Armament:

A detachment possesses 2 modern machine-guns of the GORJUNOW type, 1955 model, and two Russian machine-guns, Maxim model, with water-cooling; 12 machine-guns fitted with a barrel containing 47 cartridges, about 50 rifles and 30 machine pistols.

Transfer from the green to the blue A.V.H ..:

Transfers from the green to the blue A.V.H. were occasionally made by superior orders.

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Para	25X1
Pay: A conscript drafted with the green A.V.H. florints a month. The soldiers drafted wi units only received 60 florints a month.	received 160 th the ordinary army
Revision. Conscripts with the A.V.H. are called up revision training after five years. By a people are not drafted again with the A.V. infantry. Black List: The patrols possess no list of persons un is kept by the commander.	fixed rule these 7.H., but with the 25X1
Pacilities for Agents illegally crossing It was of regular occurrence erossed the frontier with the consent of authorities outside the ordinary frontier In such cases the patrels in that area re of the man, the time of his passing, and	that persons the Hungarian -stations. ceived a description
him pass unhindered. Semetimes the patrol a certain time. The patrols were as a rule agent returned from the West. These agents, who were as a rule AVH offi	s were withdrawn during also warned when the
and reconncitre the border some with the covering 7	H. in the barracks, local commander. kilometres of the 25X
irontier, once or twice a month an agent Austria, and return in the same way after	would thus so to osv

The Urganization of the so-called "blue" A.V.H.

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Particulars about the military service.

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of the fifth district of Budapest. This centre, called 25X1 Kiegészitő Parancsnokság, was established in the Varoshaz ut.

the blue A.V.H.

attendance was much better than with the ordinary army unitary segments from Yugoslavia had tried to blow up the building; the culprits had been arrested before they could execute their 25X1

there were about 2800 men encamped in the szeged barracks, all of them in training.

recruits' training Szeged also had a training for noncommissioned officers.

Barracks of the same kind and size were also to be found in Szombathely and Pecs; these were no training centres, they housed trained troops. At Szeged the recruits received a 24 months' infantry training

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the blue A.V.H. is in particular responsible for keeping order, the further training was concentrated on this task. Thus they were taught the technique of suppressing riotous actions, tracing suspected persons, etc.

The blue A.V.H. organization is divided as follows: 25X1 an autonomous detachment comprises between 400 and 500 men, consisting of:

- a. chauffeurs
- b. motor-cyclists including pinion-riders and side-car riders about 25 or 30 motorcycles with side-cars are attached to a detachment; the side-car is equipped with a machine-gun;
- c. a communication-section equipped with telephone and radio-transmitters:
- d. a group only armed with Russian carbines this group comprises between 30 and 36 men, being sub-divided into smaller groups of 10 or 12 men; the group is under the commandof an officer, the smaller groups under that of an N.O.C.;
- e. a machine-gun group armed with machine-guns of the Russian Maxim type. The division and command of this group is the same as of under d. The group has 10 or 12 machine-guns; each machine is operated by three men.
- f. A group of the same number of personnel and with the same division; every man of the group is armed with a machine-pistol of Russian make. The pistol has a barrel containing 72 cartridges.
- g. attending personnel.

Operational Service.

group was often employed for tracing suspected 25X1 persons, when they had to throw a cordon round a village or a certain town-quarter, and, if necessary, had to search every house from cellar to left. Theywere beforehand provided with the names of the persons wanted, if no names were known, they 25X1 sometimes received photos.

te help the green A.V.H.. The detachment was also used sometimes detachment 25X1 covered the whole of the province of VAS, of which Szombathely is the capital. In the actions they did not only arrest the persons wanted, but every one else who was found to have no identity—card. Persons who according to their identity—cards had for a leng time been out of work were also arrested for examination.

Besides the AVH treops in charge of maintaining order there 25X1 were units for guarding.

numerical strenght of these groups depended
on the object to be guarded.

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The term of service with the infantry is two 25X1 years, there are yet other arms with a lenger term. It was not possible to be transferred from the green to the blue A.V.H. or vice versa by request; such transfers were sometimes made by superior orders.

Revisien Training:

Five years after leaving the service one was called up for three menths' revision training .A remarkable feature herewith was, that no conscript who had served with the green or the blue A.V.H., was ever drafted with those units again for the annual training. They were then drafted with the infantry. The paybook only mentions HONVED, not A.V.H..

Pays

A conscript of the blue A.V.H. receives 170 florints a month, while an infantry soldier receives 20 florints a fortnight and some smeking material. The food with the A.V.H. was also far better than with the other army detachments.

Training:

It is possible to be trained/N.C.O., i25X1
which case one has to enter into a contract of service for a
certain term, e.g. for 5 years.

25X1

II. The Organization of the Police.

Police of Budapest The appointment of 25X1 lower personnel was left to the Hungarian authorities. Though Hungary was at the time occupied by the Russians, the 25X1 Hungarian communist party was not yet in power, so that membership of the communist party was not required for an appointment with the police.

In the police service, they, moreover, received some political training consisting in the reading and discussing of the "Rakosi-Per", dealing with the life of RAKOSI.RAKOSI, whose real 25X1 name was ROT.

bureau

25X1 Chief commissioner of police in Budapest was in the period between 1954 and 1951 SOLYOMOSI who was arrested by the A.V.H. in 1951. reason of this arrest was to be gound in the fact that a mine disaster had happened in the mining area of Pecs in 1951, which had cost a great many lives. The government gave out that the number of people killed was small, which statement SOLYOMOSI confuted by saying that the number of lost lives was much greater than the government made the public believe. On the ground of this statement SOLYOMOSI was discharged and arrested. This case was common knowledge in the police force in Budapest. As chief commissioner of police SOLYOMOSI was very popular with the personnel, by name he was a communist, not in fact. At the time about ten per cent. of thepolice force in Budapest was communist 25X1

The National Organization of the Police.

The uniform of all police officials in Hungary is the same. The Chief of the national police has the rank of a general, and has his headquarters in the Ministry for the Interior. The police in the country is divided into districts, in other respects the organization is similar to the National Police Corps. The district commander is as a rule an officer with the rank of a major. Then there are the local police-stations, the personnel of which varies according to the size of the village. No members of the A.V.H. are attached to those small stations; they are, however, found in the district police stations Political matters are therefore handled by the A.V.H. of the district police-stations. Further particulars furnished by source about uniforms, division, armament, and communications do the police.

In 1950 Budapest was yet divided into 14 districts. Beside the Central Police station each district had a district police-station.

their removal both outside and inside the district.

Division of a District Police-station: Personnel: about 200 men. Head of the district policestation was as a rule a lieutenant-colonel; between 30 and 40 detectives; about 10 AVH-men, including 2 officers. The policestation consisted of the following departments: criminal police (the nyomoso in Hungarian); street-patrol, and the department for registring arrivals and departures of the district-residents. The latter department consists for the greater part of administrative personnel. Every district policestation keeps an index of the residents of the district. All the residents of the district are under the obligation to report 25X1

Every inhabitant is provided with an identity-card, which he or she has to carry with him or her at all times. Any offence of this order is subject to a considerable fine, and imprisonment in case of a subsequent offence.

district police-stations were established

in the lollowing streets of Budapest: District I - Pauler -u

District WI - Harsfa- u

District VII- 0-u.

District VIII - Vig - u

District II - Ferenc-ter.

District XIV- Thokolyi-u 14 t

District XIII-Dander-u.

In addition to the district pelice-stations there are policestations at three Budapest railway-stations, called the railwaypolice. This police section is responsible for guarding the

railway, and keeping control at the stations.

Each police-station has about five fixed posts along the railway line; each station has a direct telephone communication with the central police-station. There is also a radio receiving plant for receiving police reports; these reports are broadcast at the following owing times; from 7 to 8 s.m. : from A to 5 p.m. and from 11 to 12 p.m.

A person who is wanted by the police, and is found at the railway-station, is arrested by the railway-police, and at once handed over to the central police-station. The 25X1 Hungarian names of the stations where such police-stations are to be found, are: Nyugati, Keleti, Pályaudvar, Délipályaudvar. The personnel of such police-stations numbers about 100 meh. including four officers, and about 20 N.C.O.'s: the stations are under the command of a major. Uniform:

The ordinary police uniform is dark-blue; the difference between the railway-police and the ordinary was police is that the railway-police wear a cap with a wide red band, while on the lapel of the uniform coat was a winged wheel.

The pelice are armed with guns and pistem .calibre: 9 and 7.65 mm.respectively.These arms are Hungarian make, and are supplied -8-

25X1

by an arms works in Budapest, called the DANVIA, Angol-u.

The A.V.H..

All political matters are handled by the A.V.H..Political suspects are without exceptions transported to the political prison F8-u. In Budapest, called after the street in which the main entrance of the prison is situated .At the back of the building is another street; here is a small entrance through which the prisoners enter. This street is called Gyorskeesi-u., and the prison is popularly called after this street. The prison is situated near the Danube, and is connected with the river through a canal. It is a public secret, that the AVH victims are thrown into this canal, and thus disappear into the Danube. A special feature of this AVH prison is that it has an immensely deep cellar, where the cells are situated.

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